# Middletown Transcript.

VOL. VI. MIDDLETOWN, NEW CASTLE COUNTY, DELAWARE, SATURDAY MORNING, JANUARY 11, 1873. NO. 2.



## Professional.

**VICTOR GREEN,**
Attorney at Law,
OFFICE ADJOINING HIS RESIDENCE, N. BROAD ST
MIDDLETOWN, DELAWARE,
July 2—y

**J. M. WILLIAMSON,**
Attorney & Counsellor-at-Law,
11 AND 12 EXCHANGE BUILDING,
WILMINGTON, DEL.

**JOHN A. REYNOLDS,**
Notary Public,
MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

**THOMAS S. DUNNING, A. M. M. D.**
Homœopathic Physician,
MIDDLETOWN, DEL.
Has removed to Broad Street, opposite the Middletown Academy.
Office hours, 7 to 9 A. M.
" " 1 to 3 P. M.
dec 5—4f " " 6 to 7 P. M.

**DR. THOMAS H. GILPIN,**
Graduate of the Pennsylvania College of
DENTAL SURGERY,
HAVING located in Middletown, and succeeded Dr. J. J. Vanderford, respectfully offers his professional services to the public.

**DR. H. C. REGISTER,**
DENTIST,
No 907 Walnut Street,
PHILADELPHIA.
aug 19—tf

**DENTISTRY.**
J. J. VANDERFORD, D. D. S.
Graduate of the Pennsylvania College of
DENTAL SURGERY.
DELAWARE CITY, DELAWARE.
REFERENCES.
Hon. H. G. S. Key, St. Mary's co, Md.
Hon. B. G. Harris, " " " "
Col. C. Billingslea, " " " "
Dr. F. C. Neale, " " " "
Joseph H. Key, Esq. " " " "
Hon. B. T. Biggs, New Castle co. Del.
Rev. John Patton, D. D. " "
Rev. J. C. McCabe, D. D. " "
Hon. Hiram McCullough, Cecil county, Md.
Rev. Henry Matthews, " " "
Hon. Geo. Earle, late Ass't. Post. Gen'l.
may 13—tf

**LUMBER & HARDWARE.**
J. B. FENIMORE & CO.
OPPOSITE THE DEPOT,
MIDDLETOWN, DELAWARE,
DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF
Lumber and Hardware,
BRICKS, LIME, HAIR, SASH, DOORS, BLINDS
MOULDINGS, PAINTS, OILS,
GLASS, ETC. ETC.
Constantly on hand all kinds of
Building Material.
January 15—tf

**OYSTERS!**
**OYSTERS!!**
**OYSTERS!!!**
AT THE OLD BANK.
OUR ISSUE ALWAYS GOOD.
Still we are able to furnish our depositors with Oysters, either by the Gallon, Quart or Hundred (in the shell.)
Also the finest Confectionary of all kinds.
Foreign and Domestic Fruits, Dried Fruits, such as Raisins, Citron, French Lemon Peel, Currants, Peaches, Blackberries, Huckleberries, Apples, &c., &c.
Plain and Fancy Cakes to order. Parties supplied at short notice.
Also a full and constant supply of the finest brands of Segars.
N. B.—The person making the largest deposit, will receive the largest quantity of the above. Discount days, every day in the week, Sundays excepted.
E. B. RICE,
Main St. Middletown, Del.
Nov. 16—tf.

THOMAS MASSEY, JR.
CLOCK AND WATCH MAKER,
Main Street, next door to National Hotel
Middletown, Delaware
CLOCKS, Watches, Jewelry, &c. neatly and promptly repaired.
Always on hand and for sale, Clocks, Watches, Plated Ware, Forks, Spoons, Silver Napkin Rings, Silver Thimbles, Salt, Sugar and Tea Spoons, Butter Knives, Gold Breast-Pins, Ear-Rings, Finger-Rings, Sleeve Buttons, Watch Chains, Watch Keys, Key Rings, Steel Watch Chains, &c.
AGENT FOR
DeVINNY'S SPECTACLES.
Dec. 19—tf.

**C. MAISEL,**
TAILOR, (From Paris),
1021 Chestnut Street,
PHILADELPHIA.
may 21—1y


## POETS AND POETRY.

The fame of poets dwells not in the profession, but in the perfections of their labors. The world, sometimes, bestows immortality on certain favored sons of the muses for a single offering, while others are suffered to sink in oblivion with the productions of a life-time. Wolf, by his "Burial of Sir John Moore," has acquired an imperishable name. The "Elegy" of Gray has given to its author a fame that will endure while poetry is read. The author of the beautiful lyric, "My life is like the summer rose," which is so universally admired, like Wolf and Gray, has immortalized his name by a single production. The authorship of this piece has always been attributed to the late Hon. Richard H. Wilde, a native of Baltimore, but for many years a resident of Georgia, which he represented in Congress. It was written about the year 1813, and first printed in 1818. Since then it has passed into almost every land and graced the columns of almost every journal and periodical published since that period. But how little is known, publically, of the author apart from this single piece of poetry! His politics are no longer remembered; while this gem, passing current everywhere as true poetry, embalms his memory in literary immortality. We subjoin the original of Wilde, with a response of equal force and beauty, said to have been written by a lady of Baltimore, whose name, it is to be regretted, has never been given to the public as the authoress of this southern gem.

Z. McD. R.

WILDE.

My life is like the summer rose
That opens to the morning sky,
But ere the shades of evening close
Is scatter'd on the ground to die.
Yet, on that rose's humble bed
The sweetest dews of night are shed,
As if she wept such waste to see,
But none shall *weep a tear for me.*

LADY.

The dews of night may fall from Heav'n
Upon the wither'd rose's bed—
And tears of fond regret be given
To mourn the virtues of the dead.
Yet morning's sun the dews will dry,
And tears will fade from sorrow's eye,
Affection's pangs be lull'd to sleep,
And even *love forget to weep.*

WILDE.

My life is like the autumn leaf
That trembles in the moon's pale ray—
Its hold is frail, its date is brief,
Restless, and soon to pass away.
Yet ere that leaf shall fall and fade
The parent tree shall mourn its shade;
The winds bewail the leafless tree,
But none shall *breathe a sigh for me.*

LADY.

The tree may mourn its fallen leaf
And autumn winds bewail its bloom,
And friends may heave a sigh of grief
O'er those who sleep within the tomb.
Yet soon will spring renew the flowers,
And time will bring more smiling hours;
In friendship's heart all grief will die,
And even *love forget to sigh.*

WILDE.

My life is like the prints which feet
Have left on Tampa's desert land—
Soon as the rising tide shall beat,
All trace shall vanish from the strand.
Yet, as if grieving to efface
All vertage of the human race,
On that lone shore—loud moans the sea—
But none, alas! *shall mourn for me.*

LADY.

The sea may on that desert shore
Lament each trace it bears away;
The lonely heart its grief may pour
O'er friendship's fast decay;
Yet, when all track is lost and gone,
The waves dance bright and gaily on
And thus affection's bonds are torn
And even *love forgets to mourn!*

USELESS TREASURES.—A rich nobleman was once showing a friend a great collection of precious stones whose value was almost beyond counting. There were diamonds, and pearls, and rubies, and gems from almost every country on the globe, which had been gathered by their possessor with the greatest labor and expense. "And yet," he remarked, "they yield me no income."

His friend replied that he had two stones which cost him about ten florins each, yet they yielded him an income of two hundred florins a year.

In much surprise, the nobleman desired to see the wonderful stones; when the man led him down to his mill and pointed to the two toiling grey millstones. They were laboriously crushing the grain into snowy flour for the use of hundreds who depended on its work for their daily bread. Those two dull homely stones did more good in the world, and yielded a larger income, than all the nobleman's jewels. So it is with idle treasures everywhere.—*Phrenological Journal.*

THE SECRET.—"I noticed," said Franklin, "a mechanic among a number of others at work on a house being erected but a little way from my office, who always appeared to be in a merry humor, who had a kind word and cheerful smile for every one he met. Let the day be ever so cold, gloomy and sunless, a happy smile dashed like a sunbeam on his cheerful countenance. Meeting him one morning, I asked him to tell me the secret of his constant flow of spirits. "No secret, doctor," he replied, "I have got one of the best wives and when I go to work she always has a kind word of encouragement for me; and when I go home she meets me with a smile and a kiss; and then tea is sure to be ready, and she has done so many little things through the day to please me, that I cannot find it in my heart to speak an unkind word to anybody." What influences than has woman over the heart of man, to soften it and make it the foundation of cheerful and pure emotions. Speak gently then; greetings after the toils of the day are over cost nothing, and go far toward making home happy and peaceful."

*From Wood's Household Magazine.*

## ONE CAUSE OF TROUBLE.

BY GAIL HAMILTON.

The relations of mistress and maid are as much subject to the laws of supply and demand as are those of mason and employer, or of merchant and customer. Both are moreover human beings, actuated by the self-same motives, impressible by the same signet, curbed or encouraged by the same influences. Neither mistress nor maid may be aware of these facts, but they are just as much controlled by them as if they intelligently recognized them. Kathleen never heard a word of political economy in her life. She knows nothing whatever of trade laws. She never analyzed her mind or its workings. But she charges twenty cents an hour for her scrubbing, while other women charge twelve and fifteen cents. And she gets it. She lives in a country village, where she is the only floating woman-of-all-work, and she is not quite equal to the demand. Consequently she is always in demand, and can dictate terms. If you choose not to pay her twenty cents an hour, you can let her alone; but there is no one else to whom you can have recourse, and the chances are that you would rather pay her price than do her work. In larger villages and in cities there is more competition. If one woman will not work for fifteen cents, another will. Some grumble because women pay so low a price to women; but neither man nor woman is bound to pay more than its market price for anything. Philanthropy may—must—found its operation on natural laws. If it attempts to intermeddle with them, or to subvert them, it is on the wrong track. Some grumble because Kathleen charges high rates, but Kathleen has a thorough right, is thoroughly business-like and sagacious in availing herself of her monopoly. If she becomes unreasonable, her vaulting ambition will o'erleap itself, and the too much enduring public will bring in a rival—but that is for Kathleen to decide, and she is wholly right in making hay while the sun shines. She is practically a logician, as unerring and as conclusive as Adam Smith. If she could pass a competitive examination in the "Wealth of Nations," she could not shape her course any more in accordance with right reason. Christianity is a good thing, and philanthropy is a good thing, but logic is inexorable.

When American housewives complain of the incompetence of their servants, they complain not without cause. Poor servants are the rule, and good servants are the exception. And so long as our system of house-service remains as it is, so long will this be the case. Our servants are poor because we do not insist upon it that they be good. Our whole domestic management is framed and fitted to make incompetent servants, or at least to keep them incompetent. If women would determine that they would have none but good servants, they would very soon have good servants. Even one woman can do something in this matter, but all women could do everything. As things are, a woman who wants a servant takes the best she can get, and puts up with her as long as she can. Then her neighbor takes her and does the same thing. Both pay the girl the same wages which a third neighbor pays to an efficient and excellent servant. We have no positive requirements, no routine of recommendation, no tariff of prices. The servants, ignorant and earnest, combine and announce. The mistresses, intelligent but inert, complain and—submit.

Servants ought to be good, because godliness is great gain; but so long as we, their superiors, need all sorts of influences besides the excellence of virtue to make us virtuous, why should we think it strange that these weaker brethren should need them too? If we so regulate—or suffer to be regulated—our houses that a servant shall be just as well off in deceit and untidiness and unfaithfulness as in their opposites, we are singularly credulous if we believe they will be anything but untidy and unfaithful. It takes twice as long to polish a spoon or goblet as it does to dry it; and most servants need some further incentive than the mere delight of doing it.

Suppose now women could be brought to the point of agreeing once for all that they will no longer retain poor servants. Methinks I hear the cry of dismay going up from a thousand households, in expectation already dismantled. How can the mother of many children dispense even with the partial help which, small as it is, keeps her from sinking under her burden? But are women utterly incapable of effecting organization? One woman can accomplish little, because, if she dismisses her maid, a neighbor immediately takes her. But suppose the women of a city should organize, who could stand against them? The men organize for political and other purposes, and with tremendous power. Why cannot a city be thoroughly canvassed, by districts, by wards, by streets as may be? Why cannot all the women who hire assistance be assembled and addressed and enlisted? The women who sell assistance might be similarly or simultaneously assembled. There is no natural hostility between the two. They ought to be friendly and sympathetic. If they are not so, they should be made so. They should be informed of their relations and their duties. Surely some of our female waiters could arouse their interest and secure their attention. I think the mistresses should first be addressed. They should be enlightened as to the importance of requiring skill, tidiness, efficiency, and should be pledged to secure it. These are but general terms, and perhaps difficult of definition, but women practically find no difficulty in determining whether a dinner-service be washed clean, whether a steak or a loaf be properly cooked, or a room thoroughly swept. They know whether a servant is respectful or impertinent. If then the mistress hires a chambermaid, a cook, a waiter, it is not so very hard for her to learn whether the person hired is fit for her situation. If she is not, instead of enduring her unfitness, or attempting to train her into fitness, the mistress should dismiss her at once. Let servants know of a surety that no pretence will avail them, and they will relinquish pretence and become what they assume to be. In this they are precisely like ourselves. Very few of us will take pains to be thorough for thoroughness' sake. If the shoemaker gets plenty of employment and the highest wages for mean shoes, it is fearfully improbable that he will be so gratuitously saintly as to make good shoes. A servant can get high wages and good situations for lazy, rough, careless half-service, what more could she get for real work? What inducement has she to be effective?

But how *can* a woman dismiss her servant until she can secure another? There may perhaps be a few cases in which it cannot be done, but they are very few. It needs, more than anything else, resolution. If women will in good faith resolve to do it, they will scarcely need to do it. But generally they can do it, and do it easily, by furling their sails. Agreement and principle would take the sting out of the act. A good servant—or we curtail the table, we eat in the kitchen; the clothes that we cannot iron, we wear rough dry. It is an heroic remedy, but let us be heroes in a worthy cause. It is only for a little while. It is only until servants are convinced that we will do this rather than endure their ignorance and indifference; that if we are to be shabbily served we will serve ourselves shabbily rather than pay them three dollars a week for doing it.

## How to Get Along.

If you have a place of business, be found there when wanted, or in business hours.

Do not stop to tell stories in business hours.

No man can get rich by lounging in stores and saloons.

Never "fool" in business matters.

Have order, system, regularity, liberality, promptness.

Do not meddle with business you do not understand.

Never buy an article you do not need simply because it is cheap and the man who sells will take it out in trade.

Trade is money.

Endeavor to avoid hard words and personalities.

Do not kick every stone in the path. More miles can be made in a day by going steadily on than stopping.

Pay as you go.

A man of honor respects has word as he does his bond,

Aid, but never beg.

Help others when you can, but never give what you cannot afford to, simply because it is fashionable.

Learn to say "no." No necessity of snapping it out dog-fashion, but say it firmly and respectfully.

Have but few confidantes, and the fewer the better.

Use your own brains rather than those of others.

Learn to think and act for yourself.

Be vigilant.

Keep ahead rather than behind the times.

## Old-Time Axioms.

The following I find in my scrap-book, pasted there more than a score and a half years ago. I reproduce them to show the present generation what quaint ideas were promulgated by the teachers of our fathers and mothers of the olden time:

"An independent man is one who blacks his own boots; who can live without whiskey and tobacco; who earns at least a penny a day more than he spends; and who can, upon a pinch, shave himself with brown soap and cold water without a mirror.

"A great man is one who can lead his his children to obey him when out of his sight.

"A hospitable man is never ashamed of his dinner when a friend unexpectedly drops in to dine with him.

"A good wife exhibits her love for her husband by seeking to promote his welfare, and by administering to his comfort.

"A sensible wife looks for her enjoyment at home—a silly one, abroad.

"A wise girl would win a lover by practising those virtues which secure admiration when personal charms have faded.

"A simple girl endeavors to recommend herself by the exhibition of frivolous accomplishments, and by a mawkish sentiment which has as little to do with a true heart as has the gaudy dress she wears.

"A good girl always respects herself, and is thus sure to be respected by others."

"No cows, no cream," was the way an intelligent compositor set up the words "No cross, no crown."

## Gambling in Washington.

Washington for many years had been a hot-bed for gamblers of high and low degree. There were a dozen faro-banks on the Avenue within a stone's-throw of Gadby's, on the corner of Sixth Street. Many of these establishments had club-rooms attached, where members of Congress and others amused themselves with brag, vingt-et-un, and whist. Draw-poker came into vogue at a later day. Gambling, and for large sums, was common, particularly among Southern and Western members. Scores of them from Ohio, Indiana, Kentucky, Tennessee, and the Gulf States, squandered their modest per diem, then eight dollars only, at the gaming-table, and some impaired their private fortunes by the same indulgence. S. S. Prentiss was reported to have lost thirty thousand dollars the first winter he was in Congress.

The most notorious and dashing gambler of the day was Edward Pendleton.—He came from Virginia, where he was well connected, his family being of the best blood in the State, and he married a most respectable and accomplished lady, whose father held a responsible office under the government. Pendleton gave sumptuous entertainments at his club-house, which were well attended by some of the most eminent public men in the district. Mr. Mangum, then President of the Senate, John J. Crittendon, John M. Botts, John B. Thompson, of Kentucky, and Linn Boyd, afterwards Speaker of the House, and others of lesser note, were frequently his guests. Congress had enacted stringent penal laws to prevent gambling, but they were a dead letter, unless some poor devil made a complaint of foul play, or some fleeced blackleg sought vengeance through the aid of the Grand Jury; and then the matter was usually compounded by the payment of money.

Whist was a favorite game with the foreign ministers and the elder statesmen. Mr. Clay, General Scott, Mr. Bodisco, and Mr. Fox—nephew of Charles James Fox—who represented William the Fourth and Queen Victoria, often played together, a hundred dollars being the usual stake. They generally played well, as Hoyle taught the game; but many of the members of the fashionable clubs of New York play with more skill than was dreamed of forty years ago. Governor Marcy was a great lover of whist, but he would never bet money on the game. There were always inveterate whisters in the Senate. A story was current at one time of a protracted sitting at the card-table, at which Governor Stokes, of North Carolina, and Mountjoy Bailey, sergeant-at-arms of the Senate, were two of the players. It ran in this wise: the Senate adjourned from Thursday over to Monday. The party sat down to cards after dinner Thursday evening. They played all night and all the next day, only stopping occasionally for refreshments. The game was continued Friday night and Saturday, through Saturday night and all day Sunday and Sunday night, the players resting for a snatch of sleep as nature became exhausted. Monday morning the game was in full blast; but at ten o'clock, Bailey moved an adjournment, alleging his official duties required his presnce in the Senate chamber. Stokes remonstrated, but the sergeant-at-arms persisted, and rose from the tablo. The Governor grumbled and scolded, but finally gave it up, swearing that if he had suspected Bailey would break up the game thus prematurly, he would have seen him—anywhere before he would have invited him to join the party.

Mr. Webster played whist, but indifferently only. The Virginians were addicted to that stupid game known as shoemaker loo. President Tyler was fond of loo, and on a rainy day, when there was no great pressure of public business, he has been known to make up a game at the White House, and play all day, having dinner in his chamber. His companions usually were William Soldon, Treasurer of the United States, Cary Selden, his brother, store-keeper at the navy-yard, and sometimes Governor Gilmer, of Virginia, with now and then another favorite. The amount played for was always small, but Mr. Tyler was as much delighted at taking a pool as if he had won hundreds.

Public opinion was not so averse to gaming in Washington as in most of the Northern cities. Probably the tone of public morals is no more elevated now than it was then, but there was then less pretense and ostentation of purity. At a large party given by the wife of a cabinet minister, Mrs. Clay, chaperoning a young lady from the North, passed through a room where gentlemen were playing cards, Mr. Clay among the number.

"Is this a common practice?" inqnired the young lady.

"Yes," said Mrs. Clay; "they always play when they get together."

"Don't it distress you to have Mr. Clay gamble?"

"No, my dear," said the good old lady, composedly; "he most always wins."

In the winter of 1841 General Scott, Mr. Clay, Mr. Fox, and Mr. Bodisco played whist once a week for some time, the stake, as usual, being a hundred dollars. They played a match game, Scott and Bodisco against Clay and Fox. They were well matched, and for a long time the game was pretty even. At length fortune favored Messrs. Clay and Fox, and they were ten or twelve games ahead. "Gentlemen," said the Russian minister, rising from the table, "the game has closed for the season. The appropriation is exhausted." And sure enough not another game would he play, much to the disgust and vexation of General Scott, who, of course, was a considerable loser. —From "Recollections of an Old Stager." in *Harper's Magazine for December.*

## A Man of one Idea.

It has been our fortune, more than once, to encounter men whose minds seemed so thoroughly permeated and pervaded by one idea, that, whatever topic might be broached in conversation, they would be strong in their pet notion. We recollect a farmer who may serve as an illustration. His hobby, strange as it may seem, was comprised in the plebeian word "sausage." Of these he used annually to manufacture a large quantity, and with an absence of false shame worthy of all commendation, so far from keeping out of sight of the stuff which had aided him to competence, he was somewhat too forward in obtruding it on his acquaintances.

"Good morning, Mr. Jones," said we, on one occasion. "Fine weather we are having just now."

"Yes," said he earnestly, "capital weather we are having for making sausages. If things turn out well, I shall have a hundred pounds to carry to market. You wouldn't like a few, would you?"

We hastened to inform him that our larder was fully supplied, and not feeling particularly interested in the turn he had given the subject, endeavored to broach another topic.

"The Allies find it a difficult matter to take Sebastopol, Mr. Jones, I suppose you have read the latest accounts from the seat of war?"

"No."

"The Russians have gained a decided victory. It is thought, however, there is a possibility of the supplies being cut off, so that the garrison will be compelled, by fear of starvation, to capitulate."

"You don't say so!" returned Mr. Janes. "I wonder," he continued, after a pause, his eyes lighting up with a new and brilliant idea. "I wonder whether it wouldn't be a good speculation to send a cargo of sausages to Sebastopol? There ain't nothing more wholesome, and if they are in danger of being starved out they'd be likely to pay pretty well."

We ventured to suggest that the allied squadrons would be a trifling obstacle in the way of this otherwise feasible plan.

The next time we met Mr. Jones was after the death of his wife. There was sorrow in his eye, and black crape on his hat. Our sympathies were touched.

"Mr. Jones," said we, "we have heard of your misfortune. It is indeed a heavy cross to bear, but you must summon up all your fortitude."

"You don't know," said he, grasping our hand, "how much. You never can know. Such a treasure as she was," said he concealing his face in the folds of his red bandanna. "*I shall never get anbody that can make sausages like her—never!*"

Mr. Jones seemed overpowered by his grief and walked sadly away. We felt that we could offer no adequate consolation to one whose sorrow proceeds from such a cause, and did not attempt it.

## The Dress of Civilized Women.

I do declare I think it would be better to die and get out of torment at once, than to have to rise every morning for some forty or fifty years and box one's body up in a sort of compressive armor, hang weights to one's hips, and more weights upon the head, which last are supported by the roots of the hair; put one's feet into shoes a number too small, and not of the right shape, and with heels like stilts; and then set about doing the whole duty of woman with a cheerful face and a spry air, for from fifteen to seventeen mortal hours out of the twenty-four. That there are so many women who are not frightened into a decline at such a prospect, and that they bravely undertake to do it—nay, more, that they even dream that under such disadvantages they can work side by side with unshackled man, and then do not die in trying to do it, certainly says much for their courage, but very little for their common sense.

A man's dress, to a great extent, is fashioned for comfort. He has contrivances for suspending the weight of his clothing from his shoulders. If the east wind blows he can turn up his coat collar, button himself up snugly, slouch his hat over his eyes, thrust his hands into his pockets and brave the weather. But imagine a woman removing her hat or bonnet from the angle at which fashion says she must wear it on account of the weather, or turning any of her "fixtures" up to protect her neck and throat, or buttoning up anything that was unbuttoned before, or sticking her hands into her pockets. She would be taken for an improper character out on a mild spree, or for and escaped inmate of a lunatic asylum, should she endeavor by any impromptu arrangement of her habiliments to save her health.

A conceited minister once asked a gentleman what he thought of the sermon he had just finished. The gentleman remained silent for some time, hoping that his silence would be rightly interpreted; but this only caused the queston to be pressed with greater earnestness. At length he said;

"There was one very fine passage"

"I am rejoiced to hear you say so. Pray, sir, what was it?"

"Why, sir, it was the passage from the pulpit into the vestry."

## Agricultural.

### Improve your Farms and Farming.

Every agriculturist, however large or small the domain which he has to till, or of which he has the oversight, ought to resolve every year to make a decided advance in his farming and in the value and appearance of his farm. The idea of merely digging a living out of the ground without any regard to the manner in which it is done, or the state in which the soil is left after each successive crop, or the real and market value of the ground, is beneath an intelligent being. There is nothing that we do, or with which we have to do, that is not susceptible of improvement, and it should be the ambition of every one, whatever his business, and not least, of every one who is engaged in the ancient and honorable occupation of farming, to be constantly improving upon the past in the work of the present and the future. Good taste, duty to society and self-interest, all combine in spurring him on in the march of progress.

The farmers of this country very generally, unlike those of old countries which have been cultivated for centuries, need a great amount of actual clearing—not the removal of timber, which on the contrary requires cultivation and renewal—but in the way of removing brush and rubbish of various kinds. The adornment of farms by the removal of blemishes has been greatly neglected in the pressing struggle for immediate returns. But it is not at all unworthy of any farmer to have an eye to the general appearance of his land and buildings and fences.

If he has not taste to admire these things himself (and any one who has not should be ashamed of it,) he will find it to his account, when he comes to sell, to have looked after them. No one in buying overlooks the general aspect of the farm. This strikes the eye at once, and so affects the price. Every one, too, should have regard to the claims of good neighborhood, and should feel it his duty to gratify public taste by such improvements and adornments as strike the eyes even of the passers by.

But beneath the surface there is a work to be done constantly, in bringing the soil and every part of the farm up to a higher degree of fertility from year to year. It cannot all be done, at once, but it should all be done, and it may be done by devoting special attention and labor and expense, now to this portion and now to that, and by degrees going through the whole.

This month of January is the very month in which to begin the work of improvements. The first part of the process is to have a plan which shall reach through the year and into future years, and just at this season every farmer has more or less leisure which he can profitably devote to a general supervision of his farm, a study of its needs and capabilities, and to a systematic arrangement of the work that is to be done when the season for more active work shall open. Nothing is wanting on farms in general more than system—a settled plan covering the farm and covering the year. Now is the time to arrange it, and so to begin the work of universal improvement.

### Spreading Manures.

A correspondent of a Western paper gives his experience on this subject as follows:

"Stable manures to be applied for spring crops should be carted from the stables to the field during the winter, and not be allowed to lay in piles to heat and mould, thereby losing its best qualities, but should be scattered evenly over the surface of the ground, ready to be plowed under the coming spring. Early spring is a busy season with the farmer; by having his manure out he is ready to take the first advantage of his early plowing. Ground early plowed is easily pulverized and got in order for planting spring crops. Early plowing will have the ground ready for planting spring crops earlier than later plowing, because it is longer exposed to the sun's rays. Ground plowed early will hold the moisture much better than late plowing, which the farmer will find very beneficial only in case of an extremely wet season. By getting your crop in early you gain another advantage—that is, your crops get an early start in the season, giving them ample time to mature, making the grain heavier and of better quality, and more in quantity. Manure applied during the winter is, by the time the crop is ready to receive it, as nutriment, reduced almost to a liquid state, and ready to feed the young plants. Farmers, apply manure during the winter, plow early, plant early, and you will receive in return good crops."

THE PEACH ORCHARD.—The Peach Orchard must be cultivated like corn, and kept free from grass and weeds. If you would keep your trees healthy, and realize a good crop of fruit, your trees must be regularly wormed, also, to destroy the worms under the bark of the tree, just above the ground. Dead branches must also be lopped off and pruned out. Give the trees a little potash, dissolved in water, but don't make it too strong, not strong enough to float an egg or potato.

No farmer or planter should depend upon one staple alone, but should seek to secure himself against serious loss in bad seasons by diversity of products.

## Notices, &c.

### DISSOLUTION.

THE co-partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned under the name of Hanson Bros. is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business will be settled by either partner at the old stand. EUGENE M. HANSON,
Jan. 11, 1873. BENJ. P. HANSON.

### NOTICE.

The undersigned has purchased the interest of his brother, and will continue the business of general merchandising at the old stand. He thanks the friends and customers of the old firm for their liberal patronage, and respectfully solicits a continuance of the same; also, a liberal share of the public patronage. E. M. HANSON
Jan 11-1m

### DISSOLUTION.

THE firm of Scowdrick & Cochran, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.
The business of the late firm will be settled by J. H. Scowdrick, he only is authorized to sign in liquidation for said firm.
J. H. SCOWDRICK,
R. A. COCHRAN.

### NOTICE.

THE undersigned, have this day entered into a Co-partnership under the name of Scowdrick & Eliason, for the purpose of carrying on the business of General Merchandise in Middletown, and having taken the stand recently occupied by the late firm of Scowdrick & Cochran, respectfully solicit a liberal share of the public patronage.
J. H. SCOWDRICK,
G. WOODRUFF ELIASON.
Jan. 1st, 1873.

### NOTICE,

THE firm heretofore existing as ELIASON & GEARS dissolved January 8, 1873, by mutual consent.
The business will be conducted in the future by LEE & GEARS, at the old stand, who will use their best efforts to give satisfaction to those who favor them with work. jan 11-3m

### NOTICE.

THE undersigned, having closed out his Grocery and Provision business to Messrs. Taylor & Son, would respectfully notify those indebted to him, that all bills not paid within thirty days from this date will be placed in the hands of an officer for collection.
A. T. BRADLEY,
Middletown, Del.
Dec. 7—3m.

### NOTICE!

NOTICE is hereby given, that I shall apply to the Legislature of the State of Delaware, at its bi-annual Session, commencing in January, A. D. 1873, for the passage of an Act divorcing me and my wife, Hester Jane Othoson, from the bonds of matrimony.
SAMUEL T. OTHOSON.
St. Georges, Dec. 18th, 1872.
Dec. 21—1m.

### NOTICE!

ALL persons owning, or occupying property within the corporate limits of Middletown, are notified that their side walks and gutters must be kept clear of obstructions, in accordance with Town Ordinances Nos. 7 and 9.
By Order of the Board.
R. H. FOSTER,
Jan. 4—2w. Chairman.

### NOTICE!!

THE undersigned, having closed out his Flour, Feed and Grocery Business to David McKee, would respectfully notify those indebted to him that all bills not paid by the first of February next will be placed in the hands of an officer for collection.
JAMES GEARS,
Jan. 4—1m.* Middletown, Del.

### DIVIDEND.

NEW CASTLE COUNTY NATIONAL BANK OF ODESSA, January 1st, 1873.

THE Directors have this day declared a dividend of *Five per cent.*, for the last six months, clear of all Taxes, payable on and after the 8th inst.
J. L. GIBSON, Cashier.
Jan. 4—3w.

The only Reliable Gift Distribution in the country

**$60,000,00**

**IN VALUABLE GIFTS!!**

TO BE DISTRIBUTED IN

**L. D. SINE'S**

1873 *REGULAR MONTHLY*

**GIFT ENTERPRISE,**

To be drawn Monday February 17th, 1873.

**TWO GRAND CAPITALS OF**

**$5,000 EACH IN GREENBACKS!**

Two Prizes $1,000 each
Five Prizes $ 500 each
Ten Prizes $ 100 each
} Greenbacks!

One Horse and Buggy, with Silver-mounted Harness, worth $600. One Fine-toned Rosewood Piano, worth $500. Ten family Sewing Machines, worth $100 each. Five Gold Watches and Chains, worth $300 each; Five Gold American Hunting Watches, worth $125 each; Ten Ladies' Gold Hunting watches, worth $75 each; 800 Gold and Silver Lever Hunting Watches (in all,) worth from $20 to $300 each; Gold Chains, Silver-ware, Jewelry, &c. &c.

Whole number Gifts, 6,500. Tickets Limited to 60,000.

☞ Agents Wanted to sell Tickets, to whom Liberal Premiums will be paid. Single Tickets $1.00; Six Tickets $5.00; Twelve Tickets $10; Twenty-five Tickets $20.00.

Circulars containing a full list of prizes, a description of the manner of drawing, and other information in reference to the Distribution, will be sent to any one ordering them. All letters must be addressed to

MAIN OFFICE, **L. D. SINE, Box 86,**
101 W. FIFTH St. CINCINNATI, O.
Nov. 9—1y.

### For Sale!

ONE GOOD *MULE*, five years old, true to work at everything on the farm. Sold only on account of being an odd mule.
Apply to M. N. WILLITS,
Jan. 11—3m. Middletown, Del.

## Miscellaneous.

### STATE CONVENTION!!

ALL DEMOCRATS OF DELAWARE, who are satisfied that since the New Departure Doctrine was espoused by the Democrats of the Old Free States, that the Democratic Party, as an opposition party to Republican Negro Equalitysm is played out as a National party, are requested to meet at

**DOVER,**
*JANUARY THE 16th*, 1873,

Afternoon and Evening; and, also on an equal footing, all White people of Delaware, of whatsoever party heretofore, to help organize a

**WHITE MAN'S PARTY,**

to oppose Negro Franchise and Negro Equality in every phase, and with like organizations of White Man's Party, in every other late slave State, fight against the 14th and 15th so-called amendments, until Congress shall declare by Resolution that said 14th and 15th so-called Amendments are null and void, never having been adopted as the Constitution prescribed amendments to it should be made; further, keep this White Man's Party clear of all hereditary family domination or dictation, and select candidates for all offices by ballot, and try and make all White men, politically at least, equal to one another in selecting candidates for office.
MANY WHITE MEN.
Jan. 4—2w.

### MIDDLETOWN STOVE HOUSE

JOHN B. ROBERTS,

TAKES pleasure in announcing to his friends of Middletown and surrounding country, that he has taken the Tin and Stove Store of the late S. W. Roberts, and offers to the public the largest and best selected stock of Stoves, both Cooking and Heating, ever offered in Middletown, and at prices that cannot fail to please. Among the assortment are the following

**COOK STOVES.**

NIAGARA, PARLOR COOK, MONITOR
CORAL COOK, WM. PENN, LEHIGH,
and others made in the city.

**PARLOR STOVES.**

BRILLIANT, DEW DROP,
GAS BURNING BASE, UNION AIR TIGHT
PARLOR LIGHT, OUR PARLOR.

Also, SEXTON'S PARLOR HEATERS.

Stoves of all kinds suitable for Stores, Offices, Bar-rooms, and School Houses.

Also, the Morning Glory and the Oriental, both unsurpassed in beauty and efficiency. They can be seen in operation at the store of the proprietor.

All sizes of Bar-room Stoves and Ten-plate Stoves repaired at short notice.

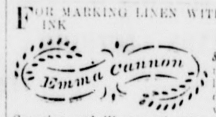
Old Stoves taken in exchange.

☞ TIN WARE at wholesale and retail. ☜

Being a practical workman, himself, he thinks he can give satisfaction to all who favor him with their work. Particular attention paid to Roofing and Spouting.

☞ ORDERS SOLICITED.
JOHN B. ROBERTS.
aug 13, 1870—y

FOR MARKING LINEN WITH INDELIBLE INK




The only neat & reliable manner of marking linen with Indelible Ink is with one of my Superior and Warranted Silver Name Plates. Various styles made to order, with bottle of warranted Indelible Ink, Brush, Box, &c. complete, sent by mail, postage paid, for 60 cents. Illustrated Circular of Designs sent free. Old English and Script Plates for marking find linen, engraved. A Solid Silver UMBRELLA PLATE, engraved with name and address, 75 cents, postpaid. Also every description of large stencil work, for marking Barrels, Bags, Wrapping-paper, &c. Alphabets and Numerals for marking Show Cards, Price Labels, &c. for store windows, all sizes, ready made Stencil Brushes, all colors of dry Stencil Ink, Baggage and Key Checks, &c. Burning Brands and Steel Stamps. Notary Public Seals, &c. ☞ Orders by mail promptly attended to. Satisfaction guaranteed. Orders left at Worden & Evans' Peach Basket Factory will receive prompt attention. J. E. WORDEN,
Diamond State Stencil Depot,
Next door to Saw Mill,
Feb 3, 1872—1y Smyrna, Del.

### BLATCHLEY'S

Improved Cucumber Wood Pump.

BTASTELESS, Durable, Efficient and Cheap. The best Pump for the least money. Attention is especially invited to Blatchley's Patent Improved Bracket and New Drop Check Valve, which can be withdrawn without removing the Pump or disturbing the joints. Also the Copper Chamber, which never cracks or scales and will outlast any other. For sale by Dealers everywhere. Send for Catalogue and Price-List.

CHAS. G. BLATCHLEY, M'f'r,
502 Commerce St. Philada., PA.

☞ For Sale by J. B. FENIMORE & CO., Agents, Middletown, Delaware.
Oct. 12—1y

R. E. COCHRAN. JOHN NIX.

### COCHRAN & NIX,

WHOLESALE

**Commission Merchants,**

IN

**FRUIT AND PRODUCE,**

NO. 98 PARK PLACE, N. Y.
Jan. 4—1y.

### E. D. BROWN,

SUCCESSOR TO

**BROWN & GALLIGHER,**

IMPORTERS OF

FINE BRANDIES, WINES, GINS, &C.

AND DEALERS IN

RYE, WHEAT, AND BOURBON WHISKEY,

No. 11 South 9th Street, Philadelphia.
Jan 29—y

### WANTED.

A PRACTICAL FARMER TO RENT ON SHARE a well improved property in Finksburg District. None need apply who cannot furnish good recommendation or first-class reference. For further information apply either by letter to Finksburg, Carroll county, Md., or in person at the Deer Park Farm, on Deer Park Road, near the Patapsco, to
JAMES FENNER LEE.
Jan. 4—3w.

### MIDDLETOWN IRON FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOP.

PLOWS and Plow Castings, Machine Castings of all kinds on hand or made to order.
Particular attention given to Repairing Machinery. Cash for old Iron.
WM. L. BUCKE & SON,
Jan 4-tf Founders and Machinists.

## Grain, Flour and Feed.

### NOTICE!

THE undersigned having rented the warehouse of C. Watkins, Esq. at Odessa, Del. would respectfully notify the public that he will pay cash on delivery for all kinds of grain delivered either at warehouse or on the water at the highest market price.
Also will have constantly on hand the best brands of

**FLOUR AND FEED,**

Manufactured by Messrs. Wm. Lea & Sons, either wholesale or retail.

**LIME AND COAL,**

will be delivered in quantities to suit purchasers, and as low as possibly can be done.

**FREIGHTS! FREIGHTS!**

I shall make it a specialty to the merchants o Middletown and vicinity to deliver goods at their stores less the cartage in Philadelphia, with promptness and dispatch.

☞ Have your goods marked Bradley's Packet Line, via Odessa to Middletown.

A Share of the public patronage solicited.

A. T. BRADLEY,
Agent for E. T. EVANS,
Middletown, Del.
In Grain, Lime, Coal, &c.
Dec. 14—6mos.

### J. B. FOARD,

Middletown Delaware,

SOLE AGENT FOR

ELIHU JEFFERSON, & SON,

New Castle,

FOR THE PURCHASE OF

**GRAIN,**

AND SALE OF

LIME, FERTILIZERS, SEEDS, &c.

OFFICE AT THE DEPOT,
jan 14—tf Middletown, Del.

### STOREKEEPERS AND LIVERYMEN,

Will find it to their interest to buy their Grain

AT E. T. EVAN'S

FLOUR AND FEED STORE,

Opposite National Hotel.
June 22—tf

### WM. LEA & SONS'

POUTAXAT AND KIRKWOOD

BRAND FLOUR,

For Sale by
June 22—tf. E. T. EVANS.

### CHARLES E. CLAYTON,

AGENT FOR

JAMES E. PRICE & CO.

Will Give Highest Prices for Grain,

AT MIDDLETOWN, DELAWARE.
Dec. 21—3mos.

### E. T. EVANS,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALER

IN FLOUR AND FEED.

June 22—tf

### E. T. EVANS.

GRAIN COMMISSION MERCHANT,

MIDDLETOWN, DEL.
June 22—tf

## For Sale and Rent.

### Administrator's Sale.

WILL be exposed at Public Sale, on the Farm of John Alston, near Middletown, Delaware, on

*THURSDAY, JANUARY 16th*, 1873,

The entire Personal Property of John Anderson, deceased; consisting of five head of

**HORSES AND MULES,**

Two of them fine Farming Horses; 3 fine large young Mules, very valuable either for team or for farm work; 9 Excellent Cows, some in profit at present; 7 fine Shoats, well bred; 2 large Brood Sows with pigs.

**1 REAPER & MOWER COMBINED.**

Large lot of Pork, cured in good style.

One Carriage, 2 Farm Wagons, 1 Grain Fan, Plows, Harrows, Cultivators, Shovels, Forks, Hoes, Corn Knives, &c. Carriage Harness, Plow and Wagon Harness.

HOUSEHOLD AND KITCHEN FURNITURE.

Consisting of Tables, Chairs, Beds, Bedsteads, Bedding, &c. such as are generally found useful.

TERMS OF SALE.—All sums under $50, Cash; on all sums above that amount, a credit of 90 days will be given, by the purchaser giving negotiable note with approved endorser, payable at Citizens' National Bank, Middletown, Del.

☞ Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M.
R. T. LOCKWOOD,
Jan. 4—2w. Administrator.

### SLEIGH FOR SALE!

A VERY ELEGANT SLEIGH, built in a superior and substantial manner, and very handsomely painted, making it a most beautiful article, for sale at the shops of
J. M. COX & BRO.
Dec. 28—tf.

### FOR RENT.

A Conveniently located HOUSE near Main street, having all the conveniences pertaining to a house in a Village. Cellar, garden, water at the door, &c. Rent reasonable.

Apply to
Oct. 19—tf. Mrs. E. L. RYAN.

### For Rent!

A LARGE TWO-STORY FRAME HOUSE, on Main street, Middletown, Del. with large garden, stable and other conveniences. Possession given 25th of March, 1873. Apply to LYDIA A. PRICE,
Jan. 4—3w. Middletown, Del.

## Medical, &c.

### THE NEW DISCOVERY

In Chemical and Medical Science.

**Dr. GARVIN'S TAR REMEDIES Cure Incipient Consumption.**
**Dr. GARVIN'S TAR REMEDIES Cure Catarrh.**
**Dr. GARVIN'S TAR REMEDIES Cure Asthma.**
**Dr. GARVIN'S TAR REMEDIES Cure Heart Disease.**
**Dr. GARVIN'S TAR REMEDIES Cure Skin Diseases.**
**Dr. GARVIN'S TAR REMEDIES Regulate the Liver.**
**Dr. GARVIN'S TAR REMEDIES Regulate the Stomach and Bowels**
**Dr. GARVIN'S TAR REMEDIES Cure all Female Weaknesses.**
**Dr. GARVIN'S TAR REMEDIES Purify the Blood.**
**Dr. GARVIN'S TAR REMEDIES Cure Diseases of the Throat.**
**Dr. GARVIN'S TAR REMEDIES Cure Bronchitis.**
**Dr. GARVIN'S TAR REMEDIES Cure "Rose Cold," or "Hay Fever"**
**Dr. GARVIN'S TAR REMEDIES Cure Lung Diseases.**
**Dr. GARVIN'S TAR REMEDIES Cure Constipation.**
**Dr. GARVIN'S TAR REMEDIES Cure Salt Rheum.**
**Dr. GARVIN'S TAR REMEDIES Cure Kidney Diseases.**
**Dr. GARVIN'S TAR REMEDIES Prevent Cholera & Yellow Fever**
**Dr. GARVIN'S TAR REMEDIES Prevent Miasmatic Fevers.**
**Dr. GARVIN'S TAR REMEDIES Remove Pain in the Breast.**
**Dr. GARVIN'S TAR REMEDIES Remove Pain in the Side or Back.**
**Dr. GARVIN'S TAR REMEDIES Are a Superior Tonic.**
**Dr. GARVIN'S TAR REMEDIES Restore the Appetite.**
**Dr. GARVIN'S TAR REMEDIES Cause the Food to Digest.**
**Dr. GARVIN'S TAR REMEDIES Restore the Weak and Debilitated**
**Dr. GARVIN'S TAR REMEDIES Give Tone to Your System.**

**L. F. HYDE & CO.,**
SOLE PROPRIETORS,
*195 Seventh Ave., New York.*
Dec. 21'72—1y.

### JOHN F. WHITE,

VETERINARY SURGEON,

**Middletown, Del.**

Office over J. T. Hayes' Tobacco Store.

We the undersigned, residents of St Georges Hundred, respectfully recommend to the owners of valuable stock the services o John F. White. We have employed him in many difficult cases, and found him to have a thorough knowledge of all diseases that stock are subject to.—George W. Karsner, Samuel Fenimore, L. V. Asprit, W. Kenney, William Polk, Daniel Stevens, W. Corbit, Daniel Corbit, Jonathan K. Williams, F. T. Perry, S. M. Enos, Serick F. Shallcross, George W. Ortlip, James J. Janvier, James T. Shallcross, W. E. Vandegrift, W. N. Hamilton, M. D., R. W. Cochran, Samuel Pennington, Thomas Cochran, H. A. Perkins, H. A. Nowland Wm. Dudley, R. R. Cochran.
May 4—tf.

### SPECIAL NOTICE TO LADIES!

MRS. JOHN BUCHANAN, M. D., Professor of MIDWIFERY, devotes special attention to the treatment of Diseases of

WOMEN AND CHILDREN.

She has been 30 years in active practice and cured over 30,000 cases of *Disease*, peculiar to Woman.

She solicits *difficult cronic* and generally considered incurable *cases, and guarantees a safe and speedy cure.*

☞ Her INFALIBLE GOLDEN PILLS, for *Irregularities*, can be procured at her office, or sent by mail, $5.00 per box. Ladies afflicted, please call upon, or address

MRS. J. BUCHANAN, M. D.,
OFFICES PRIVATE—514 PINE ST. Phil., Pa.
Hours from 9 A. M. to 9 P. M.
☞ *Clip this out for future reference.*
Oct. 19 1872—1y.

### FOR HOLIDAY GIFTS

GO TO

### DUNNING'S

**NO. 2, TOWN HALL**

WHERE YOU WILL FIND A

WELL SELECTED STOCK

OF USEFUL

**PRESENTS**

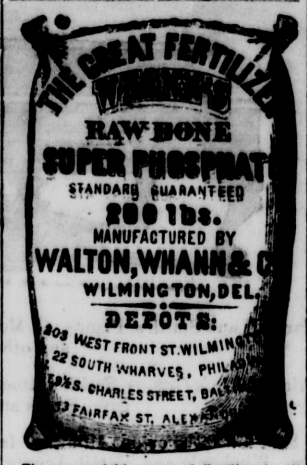
**Adapted to the wants of all persons.**

Dec 14 3m.

### NOTICE TO POULTRERS!

THE highest cash prices paid for Turkeys, Geese, Ducks, Chickens, Eggs, Dried Fruit, and all kinds of Furs, by
De W. C. WALKER,
Opposite Pennington's Machine Shops, or at Scowdrck & Cochran's Store, Middletown, Del.
Oct. 26—6mos.

## Phosphates, &c.




The success of this renowned Fertilizer in all sections of the country proves it to be the Best and Cheapest Manure in the market. Possessing all the active properties of Pure Peruvian Guano, together with the most durable qualities of Dissolved Bones, it is unsurpassed in its effects on all crops.

We also manufacture our justly celebrated

**DIAMOND STATE BONE MEAL,**

AND

**Diamond State Ground Bone,**

The handsomest and best articles in the market.

☞ Pamphlets mailed free on application.

**WALTON, WHANN & Co.**

*SOLE MANUFACTURERS,*

STORES,
28 South Wharves, Philadelphia.
203 W. Front Street, Wilmington, Del,
57 S. Calvert Street, Baltimore.
march 30, 1872—1y

### BAUGH'S

**RAW BONE SUPER PHOSPHATE OF LIME,**

Standard highly improved and warranted.

*Price,* $45.00 *per* 2000 *lbs., Cash.*

☞ New Works now in operation. ☜

☞ New Material used in manufacturing. ☜

*The fire which destroyed our works on the 9th of April, caused only a temporary delay.*

We warrant the standard of our Raw Bone Phosphate to be of a higher grade than before.

No consignments will be made under any circumstances.

It is not certain we can continue to sell at our present reduced price *owing to the advance in Raw Material.*

☞ We thank our customers and friends generally for their continued trade and increased orders.

We can also furnish our

**GROUND RAW BONE,**

WARRANTED PURE,

*At* $45,00 *per* 2000 *lbs., cash.*

Orders for fall trade are requested to be sent in as early as possible.

**BAUGH & SONS,**

No. 20 South Delaware Ave. Philadelphia.
July 20—tf.

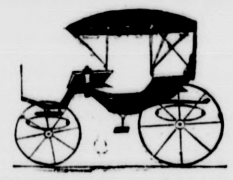
### ASHES!

PURE, Unleached Dry Wood Ashes, from the Baltimore Brick Kilns. Parties wanting can apply to
S. M. REYNOLDS,
Middletown, Del.
or to WM. REYNOLDS,
Nov. 16—tf. Newark, Del.

## Carriages.

### CARRIAGES.

### CARRIAGES



GREAT inducements are offered to persons wanting good carriages at

**ALEXANDER & SON'S**

Carriage Works,

**DELAWARE CITY, DEL.**

They wish to inform their old customers and the public generally that they have on hand and make to order

*CARRIAGES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,*

and warranted to be of the best quality, which they offer at reasonable prices.
May 18—y

**FRANCIS DUGGAN,**

**St. Georges, Del.**

MANUFACTURER OF

### CARRIAGES

OF ALL KINDS.

Repairing done in a neat and substantial manner.

Patronage solicited. and satisfaction guaranteed.
Jan. 1—1y.

## Railroad Time-Table.

### Delaware Rail Road Line.

**Summer Arrangement.**

On and after Monday, May 20th, 1872, (Sundays excepted,) Trains will leave as follows:

| NORTH. | | | SOUTH. | A. M. | P. M. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Delmar | | 7 15 | Philadelphia | 7 30 | 3 40 |
| Laurel | | 11 15 | Baltimore | 7 30 | 3 40 |
| Seaford | | 11 30 | Wilmington | 10 10 | 6 27 |
| Bridgeville | | 11 50 | New Castle | 10 30 | 6 46 |
| | | P. M. | State Road | 10 35 | 6 55 |
| Greenwood | | 12 10 | Bear | 10 45 | 7 05 |
| Farmington | A. M. | 12 15 | Kelley | 10 54 | 7 09 |
| Milford | 7 00 | | Kirkwood | 11 00 | 7 20 |
| Harrington | 7 20 | 12 30 | Mt. Pleasant | 11 10 | 7 30 |
| Felton | 7 25 | 12 35 | Middletown | 11 20 | 7 35 |
| Canterbury | 7 35 | 12 45 | Townsend | 11 25 | 7 45 |
| Woodside | 7 50 | 1 00 | Blackbird | 11 40 | 7 55 |
| Wyoming | 7 55 | 1 05 | Smyrna | 11 45 | 8 00 |
| Dover | 8 05 | 1 25 | Clayton | 11 55 | 8 10 |
| Moorton | 8 20 | 1 40 | Arrive | P. M. | |
| Brenford | 8 35 | 1 45 | Smyrna | 12 10 | 7 30 |
| Smyrna | 8 50 | 1 55 | | M. | |
| Clayton | 9 05 | | Brenford | 12 25 | 8 15 |
| Sunnatos Road | 9 20 | 2 00 | | P. M. | |
| Blackbird | 9 40 | 2 15 | Moorton | 12 35 | 8 30 |
| Townsend | 9 45 | 2 20 | Dover | 12 50 | 8 45 |
| Middletown | 9 55 | 2 30 | Wyoming | 12 55 | 8 55 |
| Mt. Pleasant | 9 15 | 2 45 | Woodside | 1 10 | 9 10 |
| Kirkwood | 9 25 | 3 00 | Canterbury | 12 45 | 9 00 |
| Rodney | 9 30 | 3 05 | Felton | 12 50 | 9 05 |
| Bear | 9 40 | 3 15 | Harrington | 1 07 | 9 20 |
| State Road | 9 45 | 3 27 | Milford | | 9 45 |
| N. Castle | 9 55 | 3 35 | Farmington | 1 15 | |
| ARRIVE. | | | Greenwood | 1 30 | |
| *Wilmington* | 10 15 | 3 55 | Bridgeville | 1 50 | |
| *Philada.* | 11 45 | 5 25 | Seaford | 1 56 | |
| | P. M. | | Laurel | 2 13 | |
| *Baltimore* | 7 05 | 8 10 | Delmar | 2 25 | |

MIXED TRAIN.—Northward, will leave Delmar at 2 00 P. M.; Laurel 3.25; Seaford, 3.55; Bridgeville, 4.30; Greenwood, 4.50; Farmington 5.05; Harrington, 5.25; Dover, 6.25; Clayton, 6.55; Middletown, 7.30. Arrive at Wilmington, 9.00; Philadelphia, 11.30; Baltimore, 9.50. Southward, will leave Phila. at 11.30 P. M. Baltimore, 7.30; Wilmington, 12. 55; New Castle, 1.20; Middletown, 2.25; Townsend, 2.45; Clayton, 3.15; Dover 4.00; Wyoming, 4.10; Felton, 4.40; Harrington, 5.05; Farmington, 5.15; Greenwood, 5.32; Bridgeville, 5.50; Seaford, 6.15; Laurel, 6.46; Delmar, 7.00.

The mixed train will be run subject to delays incident to freight business, and will stop only at stations where time is given,

NEW CASTLE TRAINS.

Leave New Castle for Wilmington and Philadelphia at 7.40 A. M. Leave Philadelphia, 11.45 A. M. and Wilmington, 1.00 P. M. for New Castle.

SMYRNA BRANCH TRAINS.

Additional to those above, leave Smyrna for Clayton 11.35 A. M. and 7.35 P. M. leave Clayton for Smyrna 8.40 A. M., and 2.00 P. M., leave Smyrna for Clayton 11.35 A. M., and 7.35 P. M. to make connection with trains to and from Dover, and Stations south.

CONNECTIONS.

At Townsend, with the Kent County and Queen Anne's & Kent Railroads. At Clayton, with Md. and Del. R. R. At Harrington with J. & B. R. R. At Seaford, with Dorcester and Delaware R. R. At Delmar, with Eastern Shore R. R., and Wicomico and Pocomoke R. R.

May 20—1y H. F. KENNEY, Superintendent.

## Real Estate.

### MARYLAND FARMS FOR SALE,

**Conveniently located, near Railroads and Rivers. Soil generally good and well improved. Terms very reasonable. Owners anxious to sell.**

No. 1.—A tract containing two hundred acres, about 80 of which is under cultivation. Buildings small; timber principally white oak and chestnut. Very cheap.

No. 2—A farm situated about two and a half miles from Massey's—the junction of the Kent Co. and Q. A. and K. R's., and contains about two hundred acres, mostly woodland, there being but seventy-five acres arable; would make good farming and fruit land with proper handling. Price $20.00 per acre.

No. 3.—A farm immediately adjoining Massey's Junction, containing 150 acres, in a high state of cultivation; splendid three year old Peach orchard; also Apple orchard and small fruit; Buildings excellent: This farm will compete with any in the neighborhood; produced 26 bushels wheat per acre this year. Price $100.00 per acre.

No. 4.—A farm of 324 acres, located in a pleasant neighborhood in Queen Anne's Co. Md. within two miles of Millington, a live town on the Q. A. & K. R. R., being about three hours ride to Philadelphia, and only three-fourths of a mile from a point where lime can be delivered on the Railroad; 234 acres of same is fine arable land; produces from 30 to 50 bushels corn and 15 to 30 bushels wheat per acre, balance is well wooded with timber, which would pay one-fourth of the purchase money. Price $12,000.00.

No. 5.—A tract containing 500 acres, mostly woodland, about 220 acres of it under cultivation; buildings good; would make an excellent farm; will sell at a very low figure, or lease for ninety-nine years.

No. 6.—A farm of about 125 acres, within a mile of Massey's Junction, very pleasantly located, is under good state of cultivation and well adapted to the growth of grain and fruit; this is a rare chance, it belonging to several parties who are anxious to sell.

No. 7.—A farm of 52 acres, within two miles of Lambson's Station, on the Kent county R. R., immediately adjoining the village of Chesterville, and about two miles from Crumpton, on the Chester river, making it a very desirable location; the land is very productive. Buildings are a good comfortable Dwelling, Stabling, Granary; also Blacksmith and Wheelwright shop, all pleasantly located in the town. Price $70.00 per acre. This property sold for $10.000 5 years ago.

No 8.—A splendid farm situated about half-mile from Millington, Kent County, Md., on the Q. A. & K. R. R., being about three hours ride from Philadelphia; contains 200 acres, in the highest state of cultivation; fine Peach orchard in full bearing, and several acres in Strawberries; buildings splendid; party anxious to sell on account of ill health, and offers rare inducements. This is a very gem of a place, and can be bought low.

No. 9.—A farm of 220 acres, immediately adjoining Morris' Station; on the Townsend Branch R. R.; is good, kind soil, mostly arable, in fair state of cultivation; buildings ordinary; will be sold very low.

No. 10.—A tract of 300 acres, in Delaware, three miles from Vandike's Station, on the Townsend Branch R. R., mostly woodland, small portion clear; would make an excellent farm; owners live in Baltimore, and would sell cheap.

No. 11.—A fine farm of 350 acres, all arable, located in Queen Anne's County, Md. three and a half miles of Millington, on the Q. A. & K. R. R. and three miles from a wharf on Chester river; railroad will deliver lime at a point not more than one and a half miles distant; large Peach orchard; buildings new. This is a very desirable place, in a pleasant neighborhood. Price low.

No. 12.—Comprises 250 acres, located 2½ miles from Massey's Station 2½ from Sassafras, and within three miles from navigation and although a large farm has not one foot waste land on it; buildings complete; mostly under hedge fence; has a young orchard of 2000 trees. This is one of the finest farms in Kent county, and will be sold right.

No. 13—Contains 340 acres, situated 3 miles from Lambson Station on the Kent Co. R. R. 1½ from Crumpton, on Chester river, and on the road from Chestertown to Millington; buildings complete, fencing good, and land in good state of cultivation; usual crop of corn is 3,000 bush. Price $2 per acre. For further particulars address or call on S. W. BOYER,
Massey,
Sept. 21—3m. Kent Co. Md.

## Legal Notices.

### FARMS FOR SALE!!

*Conveniently located near Railroads, Rivers and Canals; of excellent soils, generally well improved, and sold on reasonable terms.*

No. 1—H. Rowan farm, situated 1 mile from Reybold's wharf, in Cecil county; this is a very productive farm, containing 265 acres; buildings good and large; about 10,000 peach trees, in good bearing condition; also Pears, Apples, Grapes and Berries; this farm will pay an annual rent of $3000, being very productive, convenient and home-like; sold only on account of the affliction of the owner's wife, and terms will be made accommodating.

No. 2—George Vandegrift farm, situated on the Christiana creek, six miles from the city of Wilmington, very healthy and pleasant location, 197 acres of excellent soil, both for grazing, trucking and grain, there is a good landing on the farm; buildings good, with barn 70 feet by 35, lying high, and commanding a full view of the city of Wilmington; this would be a commendable farm to purchasers as it is so convenient to the growing and manufacturing city, with almost hourly communication with same; Terms and price to suit the times.

No. 3—Is a beautiful farm of 150 acres, elegant large buildings; located and surrounded by farms of C. Corbit, Barney Reybold and Geo. Tybout, 1½ miles from station on Delaware City Road; beautiful location and convenient to the principal points; soil cannot be beat for natural quality, in a good state of cultivation; Price 12,000—very low.

No. 8—House in Middletown, containing 3 large rooms down stairs, new, with 2½ acres of land attached; price 2700—low.

No. 11—Two Dwellings on Broad street, new and nicely furnished; large lot, with stabling; price $1500 each; could not be built for the money.

No. 13—Three Building lots and Houses, give us a call and we can suit you.

No. 21—Ambraster farm, 2 miles from Middletown and 1 from Mount Pleasant; 220 acres; good buildings; all clear; 10,000 Peach trees, some now in their prime, and others coming in fast bearing; also Pears and Apples; this is an exceptional paying farm, and possession can be had if required, next spring, and must be sold, as the owner has left the State; this is a good investment and will pay for itself in three years, if successfully handled.

No. 23—A splendid farm of 300 acres, one mile from St. Georges, all tillable, excellent quality, 45 acres in peaches; large Pear orchard, with Blackberries, Raspberries and Apples; also inexhaustible beds of marl; this is a splendid property, highly improved and producing abundant crops.

No. 4—A farm of 197 acres, one mile from McDonough, adjoining land of George W. Karsner, known as the "Jesse Higgins Farm," building a fair; 40 acres in peach trees and 5 acres in apples, all in bearing. This is a very desirable residence. Terms accommodating.

No. 5—A farm two miles from St. Georges, lying on the north side of the canal, 1 mile from the station, containing 108 acres; six hedged enclosures; buildings good; soil excellent; 2,000 peach trees, three years old; also other fruits in abundance. This farm is known as the Alston property.

No. 6—A farm of 111 acres adjoining No. 5, with which it will compare favorably. These farms will be sold jointly or separately.

No. 7—A farm of 550 acres, on Bohemia Manor, known as the Shuyter property; the best soil on the peninsula. This is a good chance for a man of means.

No 12—A farm of 196 acres, within two miles of Middletown; soil good, well hedged and located; very desirable property; excellent dwelling.

No. 15—A farm of 145 acres, situated in Appoquinimink Hundred, two miles from Townsend on the Delaware railroad; buildings worth $5,000; 80 acres clear. Price, $5,000—very cheap.

No. 22—A farm of 4,000 acres, beautifully situated on Delaware Bay, known as Bombay Hook, containing 4,380 acres, 400 upland, 950 improved meadow, 150 are in peaches, 150 in corn, 185 in wheat, balance in grass; the unimproved meadow could be easily reclaimed, having no river bank, and every acre by an energetic man could be made worth $100 with little expense; the upland is worth the amount asked as truck soil; cannot be surpassed, and would furnish thousands of tons of hay; there are steamboats leaving the farm every day for Philadelphia, and there are advantages of fish, oysters and gunning of much profit; there are three sets of buildings, and would divide elegantly, having nine miles of river front, and will take exchanges in part for city property; price $50,000, terms accommodating.

No. 24—A farm containing 320 acres, two miles from Delaware City, one of the best improved farms in the State, with new buildings, costing about $20,000 two years since, located high and commanding; an orchard of 5000, five year old trees, very fine; it has been well limed, manured and hoged.

No. 26—Store house, wharf and granary, with 10 acres of nice soil, situated at Summit Bridge, elegant place for a business man.

No. 27—A farm containing 180 acres, two miles from Middletown, elegant buildings and ground; 10,000 trees; one of the finest properties in the State; there is every thing attached to comfort to the buildings.

No. 28—87 acres; elegant buildings; plenty of fruit.

No. 29—76 acres, with elegant building, and fruit, within one mile of St. Georges; good truck land.

I have houses and lots in Middletown, and a great many farms and wood tracks in all parts of the the peninsula, ranging in price from $10 to $175 per acre, which I would take pleasure in showing to purchasers.

Those wishing to purchase would do well by calling on the subscriber and buying this fall, as there are in the market better selections and quality of soil, at less price than ever will be again in market in many years. I have also lands in all parts of the State. Having some splendid farms near Dover.

**Geo. W. Ingram.**

☞ AUCTIONEERING attended to promptly.
GEO. W. INGRAM.
may 4—tf.

### J. THOS. BUDD,

SUCCESSOR TO

**GEO. W. INGRAM & CO.**

**Brokers & Real Estate Agents,**

CORNER OF MAIN AND CASS STREETS,

MIDDLETOWN, DELAWARE.

WILL ATTEND PROMPTLY TO THE COLLECTION OF

**NOTES, DRAFTS, BILLS, &c. &c.**

NEGOTIATE LOANS, PURCHASE & SELL STOCKS ON COMMISSION,

And offer for sale

**Valuable Real Estate,**

Comprising some of the most desirable Farms on the Peninsula.

Correspondence by mail solicited.

Refer by permission to the following named gentlemen:

Hon. R. C. Holliday, Sec. of State, Annapolis, Md.
W. R. Berghols, Memphis & El Paso Pacific Railroad, N. Y.
R. Atkinson, Banker, 41 Broad st. N. Y.
Hon. Richard Sobell, 80 Wall " "
Col. Blantop Duncan, Louisville, Ky.
Geo. Bair, Adj. General, Baltimore, Md.
Seyfert, McManus & Co. Philadelphia.
Gen. Robert Patterson, " "
march 17—tf

## Select Poetry.

### THE NEW YEAR.

Softly as the midnight chime
Dies upon the ear,
Gathered to the grave of time,
Sleeps another year.

As the darkness fades away
Through the rosy dawn,
Smiling in the arms of day
Wakes the New Year's morn.

Lights and shadows, how they glide!
Hiding or revealing,
As when on the mountain side
Moonlight mists are stealing.

Onward, onward evermore,
Waves of time are flowing,
'Till they break upon the shore
Whither we are going.

Through the shadows to the light,
Providence parental,
Love that maketh all things bright
Giveth years eternal.

## Ain't this Stewart's Crossing?

BY A BAY STREET DRUMMER.

Formerly we could never tell why so many good things were related of steamboat captains and clerks. We understand it in our elder days, and can readily see how contact with all sorts of people naturally brought awkward positions to those frequently brought in contact with all manner of characters. Gradually the good things are now falling to conductors; railway travel having almost brought steamers to the banks. And of the conductors on the Georgia railroads, it seems that those on the S. W. R. R., while they have, possibly, the most pleasant general run, suffer more from *outlandish* folk, traveling southward to see *kin folk*, than any class which I have noticed. Some days since, just before the train ran out from the car-shed in Macon, I was disturbed while reading the morning paper by the entrance of an old lady, who was slightly deaf, wondrously fussy, and fearfully made; in fact, very fearfully made for an old lady.—Chignon, pannier, flounces, and all those indescribable things which the younger of Fashion's devotees so patiently bear, were hung around her in profusion rare. After the train moved out the conductor appeared at the door, and "Tickets" came reverberating adown the aisle. I took advantage of the occasion to find out for what point Mrs. Joiner was bound, and saw that the ticket she handed the conductor was "from Macon to Americus," but she requested the conductor to let her know when the train arrived at Stewart's Crossing, which is about four miles above Americus. This he of course readily agreed to do.

I engaged the old lady in conversation and found that she had been married to Mr. Joiner about two months; that she was his third wife and he her second husband. Furthermore, I found that he had some relations in one of the lower counties, and that a visit to them was the object of her journey. She seemed anxious to make as good an impression on them as possible, as she told me in the innocence of her heart, because they were not as well pleased as they should have been at his third marriage, especially as he had married rather an old lady. We chatted pleasantly until we reached Jackson—about the third station from Macon. I think, when I left the old lady to her meditations. The next station was Powersville, and when the train reached that point she called the conductor to her and asked him if that was Stewart's Crossing. He replied that it was not, and told her to give herself no trouble as he would tell her when they reached Stewart's Crossing. In fact, that as it was not a regular station he would come to her before they got there and let her get ready in time. I could see, however, that she was nervous, restless and excited. The train stopped at Fort Valley when she grabbed her reticule and calling the conductor wanted to know if that was Stewart's Crossing. His reply was very brief, but to the point:

"It is not, madame."

Off went the train again, and as the whistle sounded for Marshallville the old lady again grabbed the precious reticule and called the conductor.

"Mr. Conductor, is this Stewart's Crossing?"

"No, madame, I will tell you when we get there," was the amused conductor's reply.

Away we sped, and Marshallville vanished, only to bring us, somewhat behind time however, to Montezuma. The reticule was grabbed again, and again the conductor called. In he came.

"Is this Stewart's Crossing, Mr. Conductor?"

"It is not, if you please, madame, I will certainly let you know when we get there; so you need not ask me," said the irritated conductor.

Oglethorpe was passed without the annoyance, but when Andersonville was sounded the old lady was at the highest pitch of excitement, and as the conductor was assisting a lady with three babies through the car, she grasped his sleeve with one nervous hand and her reticle with the other, and asked with all the earnestness of her excitable nature:

"Mr. Conductor, ain't this Stewart's Crossing?"

The usually good-natured public functionary was vexed, you could see it all over his smoothly-shaven face.

"No, ma'am, this is not Stewart's Crossing I have told you I would let you know when we got there, so be quiet and give yourself no uneasiness."

The old lady was twitching all over with excitement as we steamed away and left Andersonville vanishing behind. The conductor came and took a seat by me, and while discoursing the comparative merits of broad-gauge and narrow-gauge railroads, forgot everything else. At length he looked out of the window, and immediately grabbing the bell-line, exclaimed:

"Bless my life, we've passed Stewart's [illegible]

Reaching the train, however, he had moved, and we ran over a mile back [illegible] Crossing, when he went to [illegible]

"Somewhere Stewart's, ma'am?"

"Yes we have, sir," she added.

"Yes, ma'am; hurry up and get off as soon as possible; we are behind time, and had to run back nearly two miles for you."

The old lady seemed wondrously calmed and said with the greatest simplicity:

"I don't want to get off here. I want to go to Americus."

"Don't want to get off here!" thundered the conductor: "What in the thunder did you want us to stop here for?"

"I didn't want you stop here," meekly she replied.

"What did you want to know when we got here for then?"

"Because," smilingly said the old girl, "my old man told me when I got to Stewart's Crossing that *it would be time to put in my teeth.*"

If you never heard a roar you ought to have been on that train. Amid the fuss the bell-cord had the most violent pulls that it had experienced in some time. The old lady reached Americus and was met by some kin, who took her off the conductor's hands. He, however, pondered over it well, and I overheard him tell the conductor of the up train when they met that he never could treat a toothless woman with that veneration which they deserved again, especially if she had a reticule and wanted to know when he passed a way station.


## Medical.

### Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

Among the great discoveries of modern science, few are of more real value to mankind than this effectual remedy for all diseases of the Throat and Lungs. A vast trial of its virtues, throughout this and other countries, has shown that it does surely and effectually control them. The testimony of our best citizens, of all classes, establishes the fact, that CHERRY PECTORAL will and does relieve and cure the afflicting disorders of the Throat and Lungs beyond any other medicine. The most dangerous affections of the Pulmonary Organs yield to its power; and cases of Consumption, cured by this preparation, are publicly known, so remarkable as hardly to be believed, were they not proven beyond dispute. As a remedy it is adequate, on which the public may rely for full protection. By curing Coughs, the forerunners of more serious disease, it saves unnumbered lives, and an amount of suffering not to be computed. It challenges trial, and convinces the most sceptical. Every family should keep it on hand as a protection against the early and unperceived attack of Pulmonary affections, which are easily met at first, but which become incurable, and too often fatal, if neglected. Tender lungs need this defence; and it is unwise to be without it. As a safeguard to children, amid the distressing diseases which beset the Throat and Chest of Childhood, CHERRY PECTORAL is invaluable; for, by its timely use, multitudes are rescued from premature graves, and saved to the love and affection centred on them. It acts speedily and surely against ordinary colds, securing sound and health-restoring sleep. No one will suffer troublesome Influenza and painful Bronchitis, when they know how easily they can be cured.

Originally the product of long, laborious, and successful chemical investigation, no cost or toil is spared in making every bottle in the utmost possible perfection. It may be confidently relied upon as possessing all the virtues it has ever exhibited, and capable of producing cures as memorable as the greatest it has ever effected.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,

Practical and Analytical Chemists,

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

For sale by CHAS. TATMAN, Middletown, Del.

### Ayer's Hair Vigor,

For restoring to Gray Hair its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. *It soon restores faded or gray hair to its original color, with the gloss and freshness of youth.* Thin hair is thickened, fallen hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed; but such as remain can be saved by this application, and stimulated into activity, so that a new growth of hair is produced. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning grey or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. The restoration of vitality it gives to the scalp arrests and prevents the formation of dandruff, which is often so uncleanly and offensive. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a HAIR DRESSING, nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich, glossy lustre, and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,

Practical and Analytical Chemists,

LOWELL, MASS.

For sale by CHAS. TATMAN, Middletown, Del.


### NOTICE.

I hereby give notice that at the next session of the Legislature, of the State of Delaware, I shall apply for a divorce from the bonds of Matrimony from my husband, John Duhadaway.

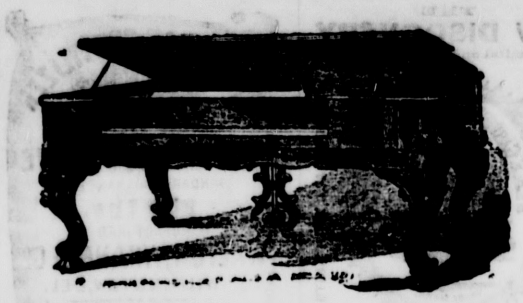
Dec. 29th—1m. SUSAN DUHADAWAY.

### For Rent.

TWO DWELLINGS and STORE on Main St. Middletown, Del. For information inquire of Mrs. C. J. Smith.

Dec 26—tf.


## KNABE PIANOS!



Marshall and Smith's Pianos, C. Meyrs' Pianos, J. Bauer's Pianos, and others.

Prince & Co.'s Organs, Smith's American Organs, New England Organs, Stools and Covers.

Sold for cash or on Monthly Instalments, only by Robelen & Bro. Wholesale and Retail Agents for Delaware, and Dealers in all kinds of Musical Instruments. Strings &c. &c.

Sheet Music, Church and Sunday School Books, Instruction Books for all Instruments. Send for Illustrated Catalogues and Price List to

**ROBELEN & BRO.**

807 MARKET ST. Wilmington, Del.

## GRANVILLE WORRELL,

820 AND 822 MARKET STREET,

**MASONIC TEMPLE,**

*WILMINGTON, DEL.*

We are daily opening fresh arrivals of

DRESS GOODS,

FRENCH, ENGLISH & GERMAN.

Of our celebrated Standard qualities, in *New, Novel and choice Colorings and the latest and most Elegant Designs at the lowest Market Rates.*

Housekeeping Goods a specialty, "all of which we commend to the attention of our customers.

CARPET DEPARTMENT, (OLD STAND)

220 AND 222 MARKET STREET.

## 228 E. MOORE, 228

Manufacturer of FINE READY-MADE CLOTHING FOR MEN AND BOYS.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

FALL AND WINTER CLOTHING

ON HAND, MADE UP IN THE LATEST STYLE AND BEST MANNER. ALSO, A GREAT VARIETY OF

PIECE GOODS, for Order Work.

Apr 22—1y 228 MARKET ST. Wilmington, Del.

**WANTED** BOOK AGENTS FOR THE

GREAT INDUSTRIES OF THE UNITED STATES;

AN HISTORICAL SUMMARY OF THE ORIGIN, GROWTH AND PERFECTION OF THE CHIEF INDUSTRIAL ARTS OF THIS COUNTRY.

1300 PAGES and 500 ENGRAVINGS

Written by 20 Eminent Authors, including JOHN B. GOUGH, LEON CASE, EDWARD HOWLAND JOS. B. LYMAN, Rev. E. EDWIN HALL, HORACE GREELEY, PHILIP RIPLEY, ALBERT BRISBANE, F. B. PERKINS, Etc. Etc.

This work is a complete history of all branches of industry, processes of manufacture, etc., in all ages. It is a complete encyclopedia of arts and manufactures, and is the most entertaining and valuable work of information on subjects of general interest ever offered to the public. It is adapted to the wants of the Merchants, Manufacturer, Mechanic, Farmer, Student and Inventor, and sells to both old and young of all classes. The book is sold by agents, who are making large sales in all parts of the country. It is offered at the low price of $3.50, and is the cheapest book ever sold by subscription. No family should be without a copy. We want Agents in every town of the United States, and no Agent can fail to do well with this book. Our terms are liberal. We give our agents the exclusive right of territory. One of our agents sold 133 copies in eight days, another sold 368 in two weeks. Our agent in Hartford sold 397 in one week. Specimens of the work sent to agents on receipt of stamp. For circulars and terms to agents address the publishers.

J. B. BURR & HYDE, Hartford, Conn., Chicago, Ill., or Cincinnati, Ohio.

Oct. 19—3m

## M. E. DICKSON,

No. 25½ SOUTH EIGHTH STREET,

PHILADELPHIA,

DEALER IN

WATCHES AND JEWELRY,

SOLID STERLING

Silver and Plated Ware

Suitable for Holiday Presents.

N. B.—Fine selection of 18 Kt. Wedding Rings on Hand.

Gold, Silver and Steel Spectacles to suit ages.

Dec 19—tf

## MIDDLETOWN ACADEMY

First-Class Boarding and Day School.

FACULTY.

HUDSON A. WOOD, A. M. Principal and Instructor in the Higher Branches

MRS. MARY WOOD, Preceptress of the Primary Department.

MISS MARY C. GAZLAY, French and English Literature.

MISS CELIA A. WOOD, Assistant in the Academical Department.

MISS LIZZIE BLACKISTON, Instrumental Music on Piano and Organ.

For full information relating to the school send for a Catalogue.

HUDSON A. WOOD, A. M. Principal, Middletown, Del.

Sept. 21—tf.

## J. HERMANN'S

Monumental Marble Works

Corner Delaware and Union Streets,

NEW CASTLE, DEL.

Monuments, Marble and Enameled Slate Mantels,

Furnished at short notice, & on reasonable terms

REFERENCES.

M. M. CLEAVER, PHILIP R. CLARK, ANDREW ELLISON

Sept. 4—tf

## NEW HOTEL At Townsend Delaware.

TOWNSEND HOUSE,

OPEN June 1st. 1872, will accommodate the travelling public and permanent boarders at very reasonable rates. The bar will at all times be stocked with choice wines, liquors, Tobacco and Segars. Fine oysters in season. Hoping by strict attention to business to merit a liberal, share of the public patronage generally.

JAMES C. TOWNSEND, Proprietor.

June 8—1y.

Dry Goods.

## GREAT Reduction!!

W. M. KENNARD & CO.

WILL COMMENCE THEIR

Semi-Annual

*CLEARING OUT*

## SALE

OF

DRY GOODS

ON

*MONDAY,*

NOVEMBER 25,

AND

*CONTINUE IT*

UNTIL

*Everything*

OF A FALL

AND

WINTER NATURE

IS SOLD.

*AS THE STOCK*

IS

Still Large

THE

REDUCTION IN PRICE

WILL BE

GREAT

SO AS TO

INSURE

THEIR

*EARLY SALE.*

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| *STRIPE SATTEENS,* | 37½ | *former price* | 50c. |
| *SILK STRIPE JAPANESE,* | 50 | " " | 75c. |
| *SATTEENS,* | 37½ | " " | 50c. |
| *WOOL EMPRESS POPLINS,* | 62½ | " " | 87c. |
| *CLOTH SHADES POPLIN,* | 80 | " " | $1.00 |
| *CLOTH SHADES MERINOES,* | $1.00 | " " | $1.25 |
| *CLOTH SHADES CASHMERES,* | $1.00 | " " | $1.50 |
| *SILK EPANGLINES,* | 95 | " " | $1.25 |
| *WOOL SERGES,* | 75 | " " | $1.00 |
| *ALL WOOL PLAIDS,* | 50 | " " | $1.00 |

And a large line of plain and Fancy Dress at 25 cents, many reduced from 37½c.

306 MARKET ST.

**Wilmington,**

DELAWARE.

Nov. 30—tf.

Dry Goods and Groceries.

## W. H. Moore

& COMPANY.

MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

Have received a very large and well selected Stock of Goods, consisting in part of

*DRY GOODS,*
*NOTIONS,*
*HATS AND CAPS,*
*BOOTS AND SHOES,*
*WOODEN & WILLOW-WARE,*
*QUEENS-WARE,*
*HARD-WARE,*
*GROCERIES,*
*PROVISIONS &c.*

SPECIALTY.

A large and beautiful Stock of Vienna Broche Shawls at a less price than the cost of importation. Also, a very handsome line of Striped Silk and woolen Shawls, all of which will be sold at extremely low prices.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES,

AND COATINGS,

ALSO A HEAVY STOCK OF

READY MADE CLOTHING

Please call and examine our Stock before purchasing elswhere.

October 19—3mos.

TO THE PUBLIC.

THE subscriber would call the attention of the public to his

Large and Well-Selected Stock of

GOODS,

Consisting in part of

DRY GOODS,

NOTIONS, GROCERIES, BOOTS,

Shoes, Hats, Hardware,

Queensware, Wood and Willow Ware, Earthen and Stone Ware.

FISH, MEATS, &c.

And everything usually kept in a

FIRST CLASS COUNTRY STORE,

All of which have been selected with care, and will be

SOLD AT PRICES

IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE TIMES.

Give us a call before purchasing elsewhere

NO CHARGE

FOR SHOWING GOODS.

Charles Tatman Jr.

MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

apr. 9—tf

## SEE! SEE!!

| | |
|---|---|
| *HEAVY BOOTS from* | $2.50 *and Upwards.* |
| *FINE* " " | 2.25 " " |
| *GENUINE KID GLOVES,* | 50 cts. to $1.00. |
| *WOMENS' AND CHILDRENS SHOES, at* | *GRADES AND PRICES,* |
| *LADIES' DRESS GOODS,* | |
| *LARGE VARIETY OF CASSIMERES,* | |
| *LONG AND SQUARE SHAWLS,* | |
| *BROWN AND BLEACHED MUSLIN,* | |
| *WOOL AND COTTON FLANNELS,* | |
| *GOOD INGRAIN CARPET,* | 60 *to* 65 *cts.* |
| *GOOD HEMP CARPET,* | 30 *to* 37½ *cts.* |
| *WHITE AND GRAY BLANKETS,* | |
| *LAP ROBES AND HORSE BLANKETS,* | |
| *LARGE ARCHED LOOKING GLASSES,* | |
| *INSERTING AND EDGING.* | |

READY MADE CLOTHING;

HATS AND CAPS.

ALL KINDS OF

GROCERIES.

FULL LINE OF

Notions, Hardware and Queensware.

As good a Sewing Machine as int he market; much below the usual price; every one warranted for five years, for Sale and to Hire on easy terms. Liberal discount for cash.

G. W. W. NAUDAIN.

Oct. 19—tf.

Dry Goods and Groceries.

## LOOK AT THIS!

SCOWDRICK & COCHRAN

RESPECTFULLY call the attention of the Public to their large Fall and Winter Stock of Goods, comprising all the latest styles of

*DRESS GOODS,*
*TRIMMINGS,*
*and NOVELTIES.*

A handsome assortment of

SHAWLS,

ALL STYLES AND PRICES, from $1.25 to $15.00.

A full line of

*CASSIMERES and COATINGS,*
*KERSEYS, &c. &c.*

A large line of

Ready Made Clothing,

MEN'S BOOTS,

*OF ALL STYLES AND PRICES,*

Among which we have the Pride of Delaware, the best Winter Boot ever offered to this trade.

A Full line of

*LADIES' MISSES' AND CHILDRENS'*

Custom Work, direct from Fillett & Griers factory.

Also a general assortment of

Groceries and Provisions

In fact every thing that may be found in a first class retail Store. These goods have been selected with great care, and will be sold extremely low for cash. Call and see us, and save money.

SCOWDRICK & COCHRAN.

Oct. 5—tf. MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

## CHEAP STORE!!

HAS JUST RECEIVED A LARGE AND WELL SELECTED STOCK OF GOODS CONSISTING, IN PART, OF

*DRY GOODS,*
*NOTIONS,*
*GROCERIES,*
*BOOTS,*
*SHOES,*
*HATS, CAPS,*
*QUEENSWARE,*
*WOOD & WILLOW WARE,*
*EARTHEN & STONE WARE,*
*FISH, MEATS,*

READY-MADE

CLOTHING,

And in fact everything usually kept in a

FIRST-CLASS COUNTRY STORE,

All of which we should be pleased to have you

*CALL AND EXAMINE.*

*NO CHARGE FOR SHOWING GOODS.*

TERMS CASH!!!

J. F. ELIASON,

CHEAP STORE,

Middletown, Del.

apr 27—tf

## NEW FALL

AND

WINTER STOCK,

Just received and to be sold at low Prices for Cash.

DRESS GOODS AND NOTIONS,

CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES,

KERSEYS AND SATINETTS

BLANKETS AND COVERLIDS,

MENS' AND BOYS'

READY MADE CLOTHING,

BUFFALO ROBES and FURS,

HATS AND CAPS,—HORSE COVERS,

CARPETS AND OIL CLOTHS,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

GUNS AND PISTOLS,

Gun Tubes, Gun Wads, Gun Caps, Powder Flasks, Shot Bags, Game Bags and other Goods usually kept in a country store.

All persons are politely requested to give us a call and examine our Stock and prices.

S. B. STEPHENS & CO.

Oct. 26—tf. Middletown, Del.

Send for self-measurement circular.

J. P. DOUGHTEN,

may 28-tf 410 Market st. Wilmington, Del.